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PART I.

NOTIFICATIONS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

GENERAL AND REVENUE.

No. 11679—*Mis.* 2172, dated 26th April 1897.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 2, Sub-Section (1) of the Mysore Epidemic Diseases Regulation II of 1897, the Government of Mysore are pleased to direct that no tickets to travel by railway from any station between Bangalore and Nanjangud, to Ujjain, or to the station on the railway next on either side of Ujjain, that is to say, to Fatehabad Junction or to Tajpur or to Aslaoda, shall be sold, from the date of this Notification until the 18th May 1897, by the Southern Mahratta Railway Company, to any pilgrim or other person intending, or believed to be intending, to visit the Singhasht Mela at Ujjain.

No. 11694—*L. F.* 65-96, dated 27th April 1897.

Under the provisions of Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the lands mentioned in the annexed schedule are required for a public purpose, namely, for extending the town of Alur in the Hassan district:—

Taluk—Alur.

Hobli—Alur.

Town—Alur.

Name of holder—Danihalli Kariya bin Chikka.

Survey No.—41.

Particulars of land—

Description—Dry land.

Extent—Acres 7.

Assessment—Rs. 4.

Boundaries—

East—Road and field belonging to Bedachavalli Basavegauda's kaval (pasture land).

West—Part of this survey number belonging to Mudligauda and Chikka's field.

South—Fields belonging to Chikka and Kariya.

North—Road leading to Hassan.

No. 11775—L. F. 65-96, dated 28th April 1897.

Under the provision of Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the lands mentioned in the annexed schedule are required for a public purpose, viz., for a gravel quarry :—

District—Hassan.
Taluk—Hassan.
Hobli—Kasba.
Village—Javanhalli.
Name of holder—Dafadar Imam Sabi, (purchaser Kempasetti).
Particulars of land—
Survey No.— $3\frac{1}{4}$.
Description—Dry.

Extent—

Acre 1 and guntas 31.
Assessment—Rs. 2-4-0.

Boundaries—

East—Part of No. 5 belonging to Malva Boyi.
West—Part of No. 1, belonging to Nanji and Ganigara Lakkasetty's dry land.
South—Road.
North—Hassan boundary.

No. 11804—L. F. 65-96, dated 29th April 1897.

Under the provisions of Section 6 of the Mysore Land Acquisition Regulation VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the lands mentioned in the annexed schedule are required for a public purpose, that is, for improving the sanitation of the Hassan town :—

Serial No.	Taluk.	Hobli.	Village.	Names of holders.	Extent.			Boundaries.			
					Survey No.	Aces.	Assessment.	East.	West.	North.	South.
1			Hassan.	Madikere Siddanna.	216	A. g. 1 39	Rs. a. p. 3 8 0	Survey No. 215.	Survey No. 217.	Survey No. 214.	Part of this No. belonging to Malige.
					1						
2			Javanhalli.	Madi Pabaiya (purchaser Garuda).	9	1 20	2 4 0	Road leading to Salgame.	Part of this No. belonging to Tim-maiyasetti and others.	Boundary of the Kamala-pur village.	Part of his No. belonging to Tim-masetti and others.
					2						
3	Hassan.	Hassan.		Muhammadan Khabarastan.	{ 28 29	{ 2 0 0 25	{ }	Salgame road S. No. 30.	S. No. 27, Salgame road.	S. No. 31, Salgame road.	Hassan village boundary.
4	Hassan.			Lakkasetti and others, oil-mongers.	Part of S. No. 242	East to west yds. 27+37		Salgame road.	S. Nos. 531 and 532.	Lane.	Puttasami's house.
						2					
						North to south yards 87.					

Remarks.—1. Required for Muhammadan Khabarastan (burial ground).

2. Required for allotting sites to oil-mongers for constructing houses for manufacturing castor oil in lieu of their lands proposed to be taken up.

3. Required for preventing the burial of dead bodies.

4. At present castor oil is manufactured here causing nuisance to the public. It is therefore very necessary to prevent it by acquiring their houses and lands and giving them separate sites for the purpose.

No. 11913—L. F. 65-96, dated 1st May 1897.

Under the provision of Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the lands mentioned in the annexed schedule are required for a public purpose, i. e., for a cremation ground :—

Taluk—Channarayapatna.
Hobli—Channarayapatna.
Village—Channarayapatna.
Name of holder—Siddalingegauda bin Vabegauda.
Particulars of land—
Survey No. 112.
Description—Dry garden.
Extent—10 guntas.
Assessment—12 annas.

Boundaries—

East—Part of Survey No. 112, belonging to Siddlingegauda. West—Part of Survey No. 112, belonging to Siddlingegauda.
South—Dry land belonging to Bomma, Sonna and Kala. North—Chavuda Ravatha's land, Survey No. 113.

No. 12174—*Mis.* 2355, dated 8th May 1897.

Under Article 188 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. P. Palpu, B. M. & S., Assistant Surgeon, was granted privilege leave of absence for six weeks with effect from the 2nd April 1897.

No. 9873—*Ex.* 352, dated 8th May 1897.

Under the provisions of Section 55 of the Excise Act XXII of 1881, the Government of Mysore are pleased to declare that the Toddy Rules contained in Government Notification No. 11813—R. F. 233-92, dated the 14th January 1893, shall, as far as may be, apply to the Toddy leases under the preliminary Tree-tax system sanctioned for 1897-98 in Government Proceedings No. 613-22—*Ex.*, dated 2nd April 1897.

2. The amended Toddy License "A" hereto annexed, shall be substituted for the License "A" appended to the aforesaid Toddy Rules.

A

License granted to Toddy Farmer in the District of.....

I, ... Deputy Commissioner of the District, under the provisions of the Excise Act, hereby appoint you, ... son of residing at to be the renter of the exclusive privilege of vending toddy in the toddy farm of in the Taluk of in the District of from the 1st day of 189 to the day of 189, subject to the following conditions and stipulations to be observed by you, the said

CONDITIONS.

1. The exclusive privilege conferred by the license extends to the vend of date, palmyra, coconut and bagani toddy for consumption within the farm.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall be at liberty to issue license for the sale of foreign liquors, for the manufacture and sale of country beer, and for the manufacture and sale of arrack and other country spirits.

3. (1) (a) For the trees required to be tapped by the licensee for each quarter in the Government groves assigned to his farm, or in private groves obtained for the manufacture of toddy under private arrangements between himself and the owners of such groves, he shall make the application in the prescribed form in due time, and obtain tapping licenses.

(b) In the case of date trees applied for by him to be tapped, the licensee shall get the requisite spaces on the stems of date trees prepared, so that they may be easily marked by Excise officers.

(c) No trees shall be tapped, nor shall toddy be drawn from any tree, nor shall any pot be attached to any tree until the tree has been marked by the proper officer. But the preparation of the spathes or incisions for the drawing of toddy from the fit trees applied for, may be made as soon as the application in the prescribed form has been delivered to the Excise Supervisor concerned.

(2) The licensee shall pay Rs. including local cess as total rent for 1897-98, but made up as per particulars below:—

(a) For each toddy-yielding tree tapped by the licensee, tree-tax shall be paid at the undermentioned rates:—

Description of trees.						Rates of tree-tax including local cess per tree per annum.		
						Rs.	a.	p.
Date	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	0
Cocoanut	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	0
Palmyra	..	..	..	..	..	1	9	6
Bagani or Sago	..	..	..	..	..	1	9	6

(b) The difference, if any, between the amount of tree-tax so realized and the total rent including local cess referred to in clause (2) above, shall be paid as farm rent.

(3) The tree-tax and farm rent thus payable for 1897-98, shall be adjusted as follows:—

(a) Deduct the tree-tax payable for the trees tapped in each of the four quarters of 1897-98 from $\frac{1}{4}$ th of the total rent including local cess, referred to in clause (2) above. The difference, if any, will represent the farm rent payable for each of such quarters.

- (b) The tree-tax plus the farm rent, if any, calculated as above, shall be payable in the following instalments:—

Several Seasons.	Proportion of Tree-tax and Farm-rent to be paid monthly to Government.	Instalments by which to be paid.
1st quarter, between 1st July and 30th September.	$\frac{1}{3}$ of Tree-tax plus $\frac{1}{3}$ of Farm-rent ..	On or before 20th July. Do 20th August. Do 20th Sept.
2nd quarter, between 1st October and 31st December	Do do ..	Do 20th October. Do 20th Nov. Do 20th Dec.
3rd quarter, between 1st January and 31st March	Do do ..	Do 20th Jan. Do 20th Feb. Do 20th Mar.
4th quarter, between 1st April and 30th June	Do do ..	Do 20th April. Do 20th May. Do 20th June.

If default is made, the Amildar may, with the sanction of the Deputy Commissioner, declare by record in writing that the license is forfeited, and proceed to re-sell the farm as soon after the last day of the month as may be possible. Provided, however, that instead of re-selling the farm as above, the Deputy Commissioner may, in his discretion, direct the Amildar to break up the defaulting farm into the existing number of shops within it and give to each separate shop-keeper a license for the rent he agrees to pay plus tree-tax at the prescribed rate, provided the total of such rents and tree-tax is not less than what the defaulting farmer had agreed to pay.

- (4) If the amount of tree-tax paid by the licensee, were to equal the total rent including local cess mentioned in clause (2) above, nothing would remain to be paid by him as farm rent. But if the tree-tax payable on the trees tapped by him, were to exceed such amount, he shall be bound to pay such excess.
- (5) For the convenience of the licensee, application for tree tapping licenses for 1897-98 shall be received, trees shall be marked and tapping licenses shall be issued, by the Supervisors concerned, during the month immediately preceding the 1st July 1897, so that the drawing of toddy for 1897-98 may take effect from the 1st July 1897.
- (6) The deposit made by the licensee shall be taken in payment of the instalment due in the last month or months of the period of the farm. Provided, however, that when the farm is re-sold or broken up under the provisions of clause (3) above, the deposit shall, at the discretion of the Deputy Commissioner, be either forfeited or be appropriated towards the arrears due by the defaulter as well as towards the deficits, if any, arising from the re-sale of the farm. The balance of such arrears and deficits, if any, shall be recoverable from the licensee or his surety or sureties or from both under the rules in force for the recovery of arrears of land revenue. No remission or abatement of the rent or compensation shall on any account whatever be claimable by the licensee. Interest at 6 per cent per annum shall be recoverable on all arrears from the date of default, and on deficits from the date of re-sale.
- (7) If the deposit is in Government Promissory Notes which the licensee wishes to retain, they will be returned to him on payment of the whole of the rental due by him; otherwise they will be sold, and the sale proceeds taken towards the payment of the instalments due in the last months of the period of the lease, any balance still due being recovered as if it were an arrear of land revenue. In the case of the re-sale of the exclusive privilege, the deposit will be applied to cover any arrears which may be due and the loss, if any, sustained by Government by re-sale; and if it shall be more than sufficient to do so, the balance will be forfeited. If, however, the deposit should fall short of the arrears due and of the loss by the re-sale, such arrears and losses, together with interest, shall be recovered by the attachment and sale of the property of the defaulter and of his sureties, if any, under the rules in force for the recovery of the arrears of land revenue.
- (8) The re-sale referred to, will, however, be subject to formal confirmation by the Deputy Commissioner who shall be at liberty to accept or reject any bid at discretion. Such formal confirmation will be tantamount to an acceptance of the bid. The accepted bid will represent the amount which is to be paid for the remaining period of the lease for the exclusive privilege.
- (9) If the Deputy Commissioner does not confirm the re-sale, he may make such other arrangements as may appear advisable for the remainder of the period of the lease; in which case he shall serve a notice on the licensee informing him of the nature of the arrangements made.

4. (1) (a) The licensee of a "direct supply farm" shall obtain the supply of toddy only from the grove or groves specially assigned to him, on the aforesaid terms.

- (b) If the number of trees in the above farm be more than the requirements of the shops attached thereto, they shall be available for supply to any other Government farm. The grove may, at the discretion of Government, be sub-divided so as to allow the toddy to be drawn on the aforesaid terms, by the "Direct supply and aiding (Aiyar Kumki) farm" or, "Shop farm," as the case may be.
- (c) Should the "Direct supply farm" be inadequate to supply the wants of the licensee, he may make his own arrangements with private land-holders for drawing toddy from trees on their lands, and to use such toddy for sale in the shops attached to his farm, subject to the payment of tree-tax as above specified.
- (d) No toddy shall be sold or used for the manufacture of jaggery except in such localities and on such conditions as may be prescribed.
- (2) The licensee of a "Direct supply and aiding farm" shall sell the toddy to another Government farmer at the usual rate prevailing in the locality, viz., at ghadas or seers per rupee; or if so desired, Government shall divide the grove or groves so as to admit of the required supply of the shops attached to the said farm, or other class of farms, being obtained from the trees assigned therefor, on the aforesaid terms.
- (3) The licensee of the "Shop farm" shall obtain the supply of toddy from a "Direct supply and aiding farm," by paying the prescribed tree-tax for the trees tapped by him. If a grove be available, he may get his supply from the same, and he may also obtain his supply from land-holders by making his own private arrangements with them, subject to the payment of tree-tax at the prescribed rates for the trees tapped by him.
- (4) The Deputy Commissioners of the Bangalore, Kolar, Tumkur, Mysore and Chitaldrug districts may, at their discretion, permit the import and export of toddy from and to the districts of Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddappa, North Arcot, Salem and Coimbatore, directly exported.

Chapter XI, Rule 170, para 4, "The Collectors of the districts of Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddappa, North Arcot, Salem and Coimbatore may permit the import and export of toddy from and to Mysore. The issue of permits should, however, be restricted to the renters of rent areas (farms) from which the liquor is to be directly exported."

in the Presidency of Madras, subject to para 4 of Rule 170, Chapter XI of the Standing Orders of the Board of Revenue, an extract of which is given in the margin, and subject also to such other rules, orders, restrictions or payments as may be framed, passed, imposed, or determined upon from time to time. No refusal of permission in this behalf shall be made the ground of any claim for remission or abatement.

- (5) The licensee of farms in alienated villages will be allowed to draw toddy only from trees in the groves assigned to him or from the trees in private lands, subject to the payment of tree-tax at the prescribed rates.
5. The licensee shall not interfere with the licensees for cutting date leaves for mat-making, rope-making, basket-making, or for agricultural or other purposes, when they make use of the trees assigned for such purposes, and not reserved for tapping.
6. Toddy shops in alienated villages shall be separately leased, and the amounts connected therewith shall be shown in the accounts under a distinct head.
7. The licensee shall keep true and correct accounts showing :—
- (1) the names and situation of date topes from which toddy is drawn,
 - (2) the number of trees tapped,
 - (3) the quantity of toddy drawn daily,
 - (4) the quantity of toddy sold daily, and
 - (5) the names of the shops to which toddy is supplied.

These accounts shall be kept in such forms as may be prescribed by the Excise Commissioner and shall be open to inspection by the Amildar, or any Excise Officer appointed by the Deputy Commissioner for this purpose, and a copy thereof shall be furnished by the licensee to the Deputy Commissioner on requisition, in such form as may be prescribed by the Excise Commissioner.

8. Toddy shall be sold only in shops duly sanctioned and licensed by the Deputy Commissioner. Tree-foot sales or sales in the open, or the disposal of toddy in any other manner unauthorized by the rules shall be strictly prohibited.

9. The Deputy Commissioner may, whenever he thinks fit, direct shops to be closed or permit transfers of shops from one place to another, or direct new shops to be opened with the previous sanction of the Excise Commissioner. A sufficient supply of toddy shall be maintained in all sanctioned shops.

10. Each shop-keeper shall place the license granted to him in a conspicuous place in the shop.

11. A sign-board shall be affixed in a conspicuous part of the front of each shop containing, in the vernacular, the name of the shop-keeper and the price of the toddy sold by him.

12. The shop-keepers shall prevent all drunkenness or disorder or gaming within their shops.

13. No shop shall be opened before sunrise.

14. Shops shall be closed by 9 o'clock P. M., unless the Deputy Commissioner, for special reasons, shall authorize the keeping open of particular shops to a later hour.

15. The shop-keepers shall not harbour robbers or thieves or riotous persons, but, on the contrary, shall give intimation to the nearest Magistrate or Police Officer as to any such persons who may resort to their shops.

16. The shop-keeper shall not receive any grain, jewels, goods, wearing apparel, or other article in barter or in pawn for toddy, but on the offer of any such, shall give information to the nearest Magistrate or Police Officer.

17. No shop keepers shall sell to any person more than three measuring seers of toddy to be consumed in the shop. Unless he holds a pass, the shop-keeper shall not allow any one to take out of his shop more than two imperial quarts, with the exception of bakers who are permitted to purchase and remove the quantity of toddy specified in the pass held by them.

18. Shop-keepers shall be bound to furnish such returns and information as may, from time to time, be required by the Deputy Commissioner.

19. The distillation of spirit from toddy is absolutely prohibited.

20. No ingredients noxious to health shall be put into the toddy either to increase its intoxicating power or for any other reason.

21. No diluted or adulterated toddy or toddy drawn more than two days previously, shall be sold or offered for sale or kept in the shop.

22. No toddy shall be sold at rates below the minimum retail rates fixed by Government as per particulars below:—

	Price for seer or imperial quart.							
	Date toddy.		Cocoanut toddy.		Palmyra toddy.		Bragani toddy.	
	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.
In District Head-Quarters ..								
In Taluk Kasbas of the District ..								
In Villages ..								

23. Shop-keepers shall use such measures as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government.

24. The licensee shall have such measures tested and stamped at his own expense.

25. No toddy shall be sold or given to any European Non-Commissioned Officer or private soldier, or to any European or Eurasian camp follower, or to any member of the families of any of the aforesaid persons, without the permission, in writing, of the Commanding Officer, or of some person duly authorized by him in this behalf; nor to any sailor, nor to any sepoy, member of the Police Force, Excise Officer, or a servant of a Railway Company whilst on duty; nor to any European vagrant under escort of the Police; nor to any child under 12 years of age for consumption on the premises; nor shall any toddy be sold *on credit*.

26. The Deputy Commissioner may direct that all shops for the sale of toddy on, or adjacent to, the line of march, shall be closed, whilst a regiment or detachment of European or Native soldiers is passing or encamped in the vicinity. Such soldiers may be supplied with toddy by such persons as the Government may select for the purpose, notwithstanding the licensee's exclusive privilege.

27. No remission or abatement of the rent shall, on any account whatever, be claimable by the licensee. The Government reserves the power to terminate the lease on public grounds, awarding a reasonable compensation to the licensee. The licensee will have no claim to compensation or remission on account of any arrangements which may be made by Government in regard to country beer or other description of liquor or spirit than toddy.

28. Except with the permission of the Excise Commissioner, the licensee shall not sell or sub-rent or transfer his farm or any portion of his farm. The resignation of the farm in whole or in part shall be summarily rejected by the Deputy Commissioner.

29. Every person placed by the licensee in charge of shops shall, before entering upon his employment, execute the engagements prescribed by law. All engagements entered into by persons to be employed by the licensee on or after 189 , shall be deposited with the Deputy Commissioner within one month from that date, or of the date of executing the engagement.

30. If it comes to the licensee's knowledge that any person employed by him in the manufacture, carriage or sale of toddy, commits any breach of the Excise Laws or of the engagements entered into by him, it shall be the licensee's duty to report the matter to the Deputy Commissioner, and to comply with the directions of the Deputy Commissioner respecting the further employment of such person.

31. During the term of the license, the licensee shall not have any interest in the exclusive privilege of selling arrack in any part of the farm to which the license relates, or permit any person, having any interest in the exclusive privilege of selling arrack in any part of the farm, to hold any share or interest in the licensee's exclusive privilege of selling toddy.

32. Interest shall be payable upon all moneys due by the licensee at the rate of six per centum per annum.

33. The licensee shall provide himself with printed forms of permits for transport and possession of toddy. Such permits shall be in the form prescribed by the Excise Commissioner, and shall be purchased from local Excise Officers.

34. The licensee shall pay the usual mohatarfa tax on carts used for conveying toddy, but such carts shall not be impressed for Government work.
35. The licensee shall be responsible that his servants or agents are prevented from extracting toddy from young immature date trees the trunks of which are less than one yard in height from the ground to the springing of the branches, nor shall any leaves be cut and used by them except such as may have to be removed for the purpose of drawing toddy, nor shall any trees be tapped in so careless a manner as to lead to their destruction; and any breach of these rules shall render the licensee liable to the payment of a penalty of Rs. 50 for each offence.
36. The licensee shall employ only professional toddy-drawers for tapping the trees.
37. In case of any breach of the aforesaid conditions either by the licensee, or with his connivance or privity by any person in his employment, or in the event of the licensee neglecting to open his shops or to carry on the business of his farm with due care and attention, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to impose upon the licensee a fine not exceeding the sum of Rs. 50 for every such breach or neglect, or at the option of the Deputy Commissioner to declare the money deposited with him forfeited, and to cancel the license, and re-sell the exclusive privilege at the risk of the licensee or to place the farm under the management of Government. When a farm is cancelled, the rent for the whole period of the farm shall become due at once; and all loss caused to Government by the cancellation or re-sale of the farm shall be made good by the licensee, his heirs and representatives and his sureties. All the amounts of such penalties and loss shall be recovered in the same manner as if they were the arrears of land revenue.
38. The imposition of a fine, or the forfeiture of deposit, or the cancellation of the license under the last preceding condition, shall not be held to prevent the prosecution of any person for any offence which may be committed against the provisions of the Excise Act or any other law for the time being in force and relating to the Excise Revenue, or any other enactment under which the offence may be punishable.
39. If the licensee shall be convicted on prosecution before a Magistrate of any offence against the Excise Act, or other law for the time being in force and relating to the Excise Revenue, or any other enactment, it shall be lawful for the Deputy Commissioner to declare his license forfeited.
40. All sums payable by the licensee, may be deducted from the amount of his deposit, or recovered by attachment and sale of the property of the licensee or his surety, under any law for the time being in force for the recovery of arrears of land revenue.
41. Any sums deducted by the Deputy Commissioner under the powers herein contained from the deposit made by the licensee for the due performance of the lease, shall be replaced by him or his surety within 15 days from the receipt of a notice from the Deputy Commissioner informing him of such deductions having been made.
42. The licensee shall be bound by any additional general rules which may, from time to time, be prescribed under the Excise Laws now in force, or which may hereafter be enacted, and shall, on requisition by the Deputy Commissioner, or other officer duly authorized by him, deliver up his license for amendment or for the issue of a fresh license accordingly.

Dated. day of

189 .

Deputy Commissioner,
District

Schedule of the Date Groves assigned to the above Farm.

Name of the taluk.	Names of the villages in which the groves are situated.	Revenue survey numbers or other numbers.	Names of the groves.	Number of trees in each grove.	Remarks.

Deputy Commissioner,
District.

No. 12203—J. 1388, dated 10th May 1897.

Under Article 171 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. Ahmed Ali, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Chitaldrug district, is granted casual leave of absence for four days, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 12254—Mis. 2368, dated 11th May 1897.

The following list of papers, placed at the disposal of the Press, is published for general information :—

Serial No.	No. and Date of Proceedings.	Subject.
1	8926-34—Fl. 777, dated 8th April 1897.	Laying down instructions as to how applications for the formation of Agricultural Banks and for advances for Land Improvement and Irrigation Wells are to be dealt with.
2	8995-98—R. F. 120-96, dated 13th April 1897.	Sanctioning an advance of Rs. 20,000 for the Agricultural Bank proposed to be established at Sabbanahalli in the Goribid-nur taluk.
3	9291-99—R. 3083, dated 26th April 1897.	Reviewing the returns of the estimated jamabandi under the head "Abkari" of the several districts of the State for the year 1896-97.
4	11906-A—Mis. F. 35-96, dated 30th April 1897.	Passing orders revising the establishments under the Deputy Commissioners, Sub-Division Officers, Assistant and Extra Assistant Commissioners, Amildars and Deputy Amildars.

No. 9336—R. 3096, dated 26th April 1897.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for public purposes, viz., for extending the village site.

No.	Taluk.	Hobli.	Village.	Name of owner.	Extent.		Boundaries.			
					Descrip- tion.	Area.	North.	South.	East.	West.
1	Hiriyur.	Iyamangala.	Yeraballi.	Gangavva, wife of Mudiya.	Survey No. 172, garden.	A. g. 1 33 Assessment. Rs. a. p. 2 12 0	Survey No. 173 and village site.	Survey No. 171.	Survey No. 173 and Bangalore-Bellary road.	Road.

No. 9385—Ft. F. 38-95, dated 27th April 1897.

Under the provisions of Section 9 of the Forest Rules of 1878, the Government of Mysore are pleased to declare that the undermentioned demarcated and settled forest in the Tumkur district shall be classed as State Forest under Rule 1 of the aforesaid Rules :—

Taluk.	Name of Forest.	Approximate area.	Boundaries.
Gubbali and Chikmagalur.	Thirathuram-pura State Forest.	13 square miles, 125 acres.	North.—By a cleared demarcation line of 66 feet in width starting from the bandhs of Nos. 36, 48 and 37 of Janelhal to the Gadi bandhs of Katharekehal and Hombalgatta at S. Nos. 23 and 9, respectively. East.—By a cleared demarcation line of 66 feet in width starting from the last named point to the Gadi bandhs of Virupakshapura and Handenahalli at Nos. 42 and 57, respectively. South.—By a cleared demarcation line of 66 feet in width starting from the last named point to the bandhs of Nos. 40, 50 and 55 of Sondenahalli. West.—By a cleared demarcation line of 66 feet in width starting from the last named point to the starting point.

No. 9624—R. 3177, dated 1st May 1897.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation No. VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the lands detailed below are required for a public purpose, viz., for a cremation and burial ground for a portion of the Mysore town :—

District.	Taluk.	Hobli.	Village.	Name of holder.	Particulars of land.				Boundaries.			
					Survey No.	Description.	Extent re-quired.	Assessment.	East.	West.	South.	North.
Mysore.	Mysore.	Mysore.	Madagondanahalli.	Mr. M. L. Narasimhaiengar.	212 233	Garden.	A. g. Rs. a. p. 3 30 4 8 0 9 26 12 0 0 Amount payable to Government— Jodi .. 4 8 0 Quit-rent 2 4 0 Local cess 1 0 6 Total .. 7 12 6		Kandak.	Joginkere Kodihalli and lane.	Road leading to Balamuri.	Joginakere tank.

No. 9645—Pet. F. 45-96, dated 1st May 1897.

The Government of Mysore are pleased to direct that, in the rule published under Notification No. 7051—P. F. 45-96, dated 2nd February 1897, to be read as para 4 of the Land Revenue Rules, the words "stating if he requires it for one year only or permanently" shall be omitted.

2. The rule as now amended will stand as follows :—

"Any person desiring to use Government water for irrigating a land not assessed as wet land shall make an application in writing to the Amildar or other officer duly authorized to receive such application for permission to make use of the supply of water; and if any person uses such water without such permission, he shall be charged with double the rate he would otherwise have been required to pay had he applied for and obtained permission, and shall also be liable to pay as fine five times the wet assessment of the whole survey number thus wholly or partly irrigated."

No. 9691—R. F. 102-95, dated 1st May 1897.

Under Article 171 of the Mysore Service Regulations, C. Rajagopalacharlu, Amildar of the Nela-mangala taluk, Bangalore district, was granted casual leave of absence for three days, with effect from the 19th April 1897, the Taluk Sheristadar being in charge of the current duties during the absence of the Amildar.

No. 9694—R. F. 103-95, dated 3rd May 1897.

M. A. Tirumalachar, Amildar of the Magadi taluk, Bangalore district, having availed himself of the leave granted to him in Notification No. 4164—R. F. 103-95, dated 3rd November 1896, on the forenoon of the 5th January 1897 and returned to duty on the afternoon of the 19th February 1897, the unexpired portion of the leave is hereby cancelled.

No. 9706—Ft. F. 1-95, dated 3rd May 1897.

Under Article 172 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. A. G. R. Theobald, Sub-Assistant Conservator of Forests, Mysore district, is granted casual leave of absence for fifteen days, with effect from the 8th April 1897.

No. 9751—R. F. 44-96, dated 4th May 1897.

Under Article 172 of the Mysore Service Regulations, N. D. Krishnappa, Amildar of the Cham-rajnagar taluk, Mysore district, is granted casual leave of absence for ten days, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of the same, Taluk Sheristadar, Krishnappa, being in charge of the taluk during the absence of the Amildar on leave or until further orders.

No. 9754—R. F. 100-95, dated 4th May 1897.

Under Article 172 of the Mysore Service Regulations, V. N. Guru Rao, Amildar of the Mandya taluk, Mysore district, is granted casual leave of absence for fifteen days, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of the same, Taluk Sheristadar Subbanna being in charge of the current duties of the taluk during the absence of the Amildar on leave or until further orders.

No. 9806—R. F. 105-95, dated 5th May 1897.

Under Article 171 of the Mysore Service Regulations, B. Sitaramaiya, Amildar of the Tiptur taluk, Tumkur district, was granted casual leave of absence for two days from the 31st March 1897.

No. 9813—*Ft. F.* 98-95, dated 5th May 1897.

Under Rule 23 of the Forest Rules of 1878, the Government of Mysore are pleased to make the following subsidiary rule.

"When any District Forest or part thereof is found to have been overworked, it will be competent for the Deputy Commissioner, with the concurrence of the Conservator of Forests, to close such forest or part thereof for such period as may be necessary and have the same notified in the *Mysore Gazette*.

"When such closing takes place, proper arrangements must be made, to the extent possible, to meet the requirements of the people concerned by allotting them other District Forests close by or situated as near as possible.

No. 9826—*R. F.* 109-96, dated 5th May 1897.

The three days' casual leave granted to T. Chokkanna, Amildar of the Bowringpet taluk, in Government Notification No. 7174—*R. F.* 109-96, dated 10th February 1897, is extended by three days, and the whole period treated as casual leave under Article 172 of the Mysore Service Regulations.

No. 9829—*R. F.* 109-96, dated 5th May 1897.

Under Article 171 of the Mysore Service Regulations, T. Chokkanna, Amildar of the Bowringpet taluk, Kolar district, was granted casual leave of absence for two days on the 16th and 17th April 1897.

No. 9946—*R. F.* 108-96, dated 7th May 1897.

Under Article 171 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. C. Srikanthswara Iyer, Assistant Comptroller to Government, was granted casual leave of absence for two days, with effect from the 30th April 1897.

No. 9953—*R. F.* 81-96, dated 8th May 1897.

Under Article 171 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. A. Virasami Mudaliar, Officer in charge of the State Huzur Treasury, Bangalore, was granted casual leave of absence for two days, with effect from the 23rd April 1897.

No. 9955—*R. F.* 88-95, dated 8th May 1897.

Under Article 173 of the Mysore Service Regulations, R. Mahadeva Rao, Amildar of the Jagalur taluk, Chitaldrug district, is granted casual leave of absence for ten days, with effect from the 19th May 1897, or such other date as he may avail himself of the same, the Sheristadar of the taluk being in charge of the current duties of the taluk during the absence of the Amildar on leave or until further orders.

No. 9958—*R. F.* 109-96, dated 8th May 1897.

Under Article 172 of the Mysore Service Regulations, T. Chokkanna, Amildar of the Bowringpet taluk, Kolar district, is granted casual leave of absence for ten days, with effect from the 3rd May 1897.

2. The Sheristadar of the taluk will be in charge of the current duties during the absence of the Amildar on leave or until further orders.

The petition box kept at the Dewan's Office, Bangalore, will be cleared at 12 noon every day by the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Departments, and, in his absence from Bangalore, by the Under-Secretary.

By Order,

C. SREENIVASIENGAR,

Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Departments

PUBLIC WORKS.

Notification No. 331—1933, dated 10th May 1897.

The Government of Mysore have been pleased to sanction the following rules for the regulation of House-connections from the Chamarajendra Water-Works within the limits of the City of Bangalore.

By Order,

C. BOWEN, Colonel,

Secy. to the Govt. of Mysore, P. W. D.

Rules for the Regulation of House-connections from the Chamarajendra Water-Works.

1. The supply of water from the Chamarajendra Water-Works being intended exclusively for *bonâ-fide* domestic purposes, the water drawn therefrom, whether from public fountains and taps or from private house-connections, shall not be used for any other purpose whatsoever. A supply of water for domestic purposes shall not include a supply of water for horses or for washing carriages, where such horses or carriages are kept for sale or hire, or a supply for any trade, manufacture or business, or for fountains or for any ornamental or mechanical purpose, or for watering gardens or roads. Water which has been used for washing, bathing or other domestic purposes, may be collected and used for gardening or other non-domestic purposes, but on no account should pure water be drawn from the taps for these purposes. Provided that, with the special permission of the Water-Supply Department, water may be taken from the fountains and hydrants for watering public roads on special occasions.